

Create a Butterfly Haven and it is easy!

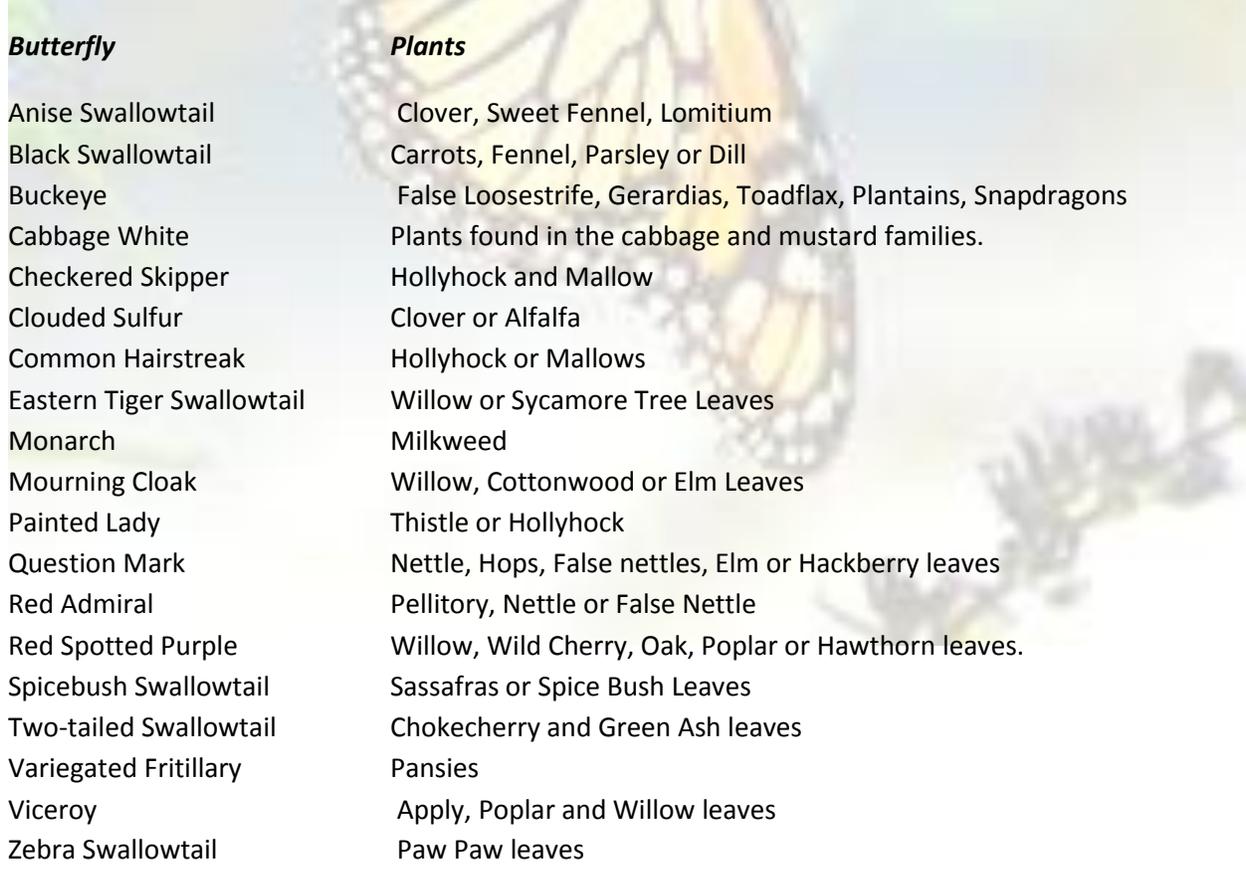
Make sure they have a lot of color and are fragrant. This garden should have either a few trees or large bushes to protect the butterflies from the wind or rain and should also get a lot of sunshine. Create a "puddle" for butterflies to get extra moisture and minerals and place a large flat rock for a basking.

These nectar Plants are used for food:



Annuals:	Biennials:	Perennials:	
Alyssum	Red Clover	Aster	Lavender
Cosmos	Queen Anne's Lace	Bee Balm	Lupine
Heliotrope	Sweet William	Butterfly Bush	Phlox
Marigolds		Butterfly Weed	Shasta Daisy
Nasturtium		White Clover	Thistles
Salvia		Black-eyed Susan	Coreopsis
Zinnia		Purple Coneflower	Salvia
		Hollyhock	Violets
		Yarrow	Sedum

Host Plants: Here is a list of butterflies and what host plant they must have to lay their eggs on.



<i>Butterfly</i>	<i>Plants</i>
Anise Swallowtail	Clover, Sweet Fennel, Lomitium
Black Swallowtail	Carrots, Fennel, Parsley or Dill
Buckeye	False Loosestrife, Gerardias, Toadflax, Plantains, Snapdragons
Cabbage White	Plants found in the cabbage and mustard families.
Checkered Skipper	Hollyhock and Mallow
Clouded Sulfur	Clover or Alfalfa
Common Hairstreak	Hollyhock or Mallows
Eastern Tiger Swallowtail	Willow or Sycamore Tree Leaves
Monarch	Milkweed
Mourning Cloak	Willow, Cottonwood or Elm Leaves
Painted Lady	Thistle or Hollyhock
Question Mark	Nettle, Hops, False nettles, Elm or Hackberry leaves
Red Admiral	Pellitory, Nettle or False Nettle
Red Spotted Purple	Willow, Wild Cherry, Oak, Poplar or Hawthorn leaves.
Spicebush Swallowtail	Sassafras or Spice Bush Leaves
Two-tailed Swallowtail	Chokecherry and Green Ash leaves
Variiegated Fritillary	Pansies
Viceroy	Apply, Poplar and Willow leaves
Zebra Swallowtail	Paw Paw leaves